SAFETY DATA SHEET

LACQUER THINNER

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: LACQUER THINNER

MANUFACTURER
Tarr, LLC
P.O. Box 12570
Portland, OR 97212

Product Stewardship: 503-288-5294

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS CLASSIFICATIONS

Health:
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation), Category 3

Physical:
Flammable Liquids, Category 2

GHS LABEL

Flame  Exclamation mark

SIGNAL WORD: DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
H332: Harmful if inhaled.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT(S)

General:
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Prevention:
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
LACQUER THINNER

P240: Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Response:
P314: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Storage:
P102: Keep out of reach of children.
P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

IMMEDIATE CONCERNS: DANGER! Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Vapor harmful. May cause central nervous system depression. May be irritating to eyes, skin, nose, throat and respiratory tract.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYES: Liquid is severely irritating to the eyes. High vapor concentrations are also irritating.

SKIN: Liquid is mildly irritating to the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

INGESTION: Ingestion may cause headache, dizziness, fatigue, and central nervous system depression.

INHALATION: Vapors may be irritating to the nose, throat, and respiratory tract. Exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED: Pre-existing eye and skin disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Vol. %</th>
<th>CAS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>25 - 35</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>10 - 20</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic</td>
<td>30 - 40</td>
<td>64742-95-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>10 - 20</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutyl acetate</td>
<td>1 - 10</td>
<td>110-19-0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Get medical attention, if irritation occurs or persists.

SKIN: Flush skin with water while removing contaminated clothing. If irritation occurs, get medical attention. Do not reuse clothing or shoes until cleaned.

INGESTION: Do not give liquids if victim is unconscious or drowsy. Otherwise, give 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by giving 30cc syrup of ipecac (or touching finger to the back of victim's throat). Keep victim's head below hips while vomiting. Call doctor.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE
LACQUER THINNER

**ACUTE EFFECTS:** Irritation as noted above. Early to moderate CNS depression may be evidenced by giddiness, headache, dizziness, and nausea; in extreme cases, unconsciousness and death may occur. Aspiration pneumonitis may be evidenced by coughing, labored breathing and cyanosis (bluish skin). Liver damage may be evidenced by loss of appetite, jaundice and sometimes pain in the upper abdomen on the right side.

**NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:** If victim is a child, give no more than 1 glass of water and 15cc (1 tablespoon) syrup of ipecac. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before emesis, gastric lavage should be considered following intubation with a cuffed endotracheal tube.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**FLAMMABLE CLASS:** Class IB flammable liquid.

**GENERAL HAZARD:** Flammable Liquid and Vapor! Contact with strong oxidizers may cause fire.

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Use water fog, "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or CO2.

**HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:** Carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed during combustion.

**EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** When heated above the flash point, this material emits flammable vapors which, when mixed with air, can burn or be explosive. Fine mists or sprays may be flammable at temperatures below the flash point.

**FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:** WARNING! Flammable Liquid. Clear fire area of unprotected personnel. Do not enter confined fire space without full bunker gear, including a positive pressure NIOSH approved SCBA. Cool fire exposed containers with water.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

**WATER SPILL:** Keep material out of storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

**GENERAL PROCEDURES:** WARNING. Flammable. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Remove all sources of ignition. Clean-up personnel require protective clothing and respiratory protection from vapors. Only specially trained or qualified personnel should handle the emergency.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**GENERAL PROCEDURES:** Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Surfaces that are hot may ignite even liquid product in the absence of sparks or flame. Extinguish pilot lights, cigarettes and turn off other sources of ignition prior to use and until all vapors are gone.

**COMMENTS:** KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN! Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks static electricity, or other sources of ignition; they may explode and cause injury or death.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION
EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR1910.1200)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>OSHA PEL</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV</th>
<th>SupplierOEL</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ppm</td>
<td>mg/m³</td>
<td>ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>2400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>300 [1]</td>
<td>[1]</td>
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<tr>
<td>Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutyl acetate</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OSHA TABLE COMMENTS:
1. C = Ceiling
2. S = Skin

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide exhaust ventilation sufficient to keep the airborne concentration of this product below its exposure limits. Exhaust air may need to be cleaned by scrubbers or filters to reduce environmental contamination.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES AND FACE: Use chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield where splashing is possible. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with this material. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work areas.

SKIN: Wear resistant gloves (consult your safety equipment supplier). To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.

RESPIRATORY: If exposure may or does exceed occupational exposure limits (Sec. 8) use a NIOSH approved respirator to prevent overexposure. In accord with 29 CFR 1910.134 use either an atmosphere-supplying respirator or an air-purifying respirator for organic vapors.

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Use good personal hygiene when handling this product. Wash hands after use, before eating, drinking, smoking, or using the toilet.

OTHER USE PRECAUTIONS: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.

COMMENTS: May be harmful or fatal if swallowed. May irritate body tissues. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

ODOR: Pungent odor.

APPEARANCE: Clear

COLOR: Colorless.
LACQUER THINNER

pH: NA = Not Applicable

PERCENT VOLATILE: 100

FLASHPOINT AND METHOD: (41°F) (Calculated)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: 1 %Vol to 12.8 %Vol

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: No data available.

VAPOR PRESSURE: 20 - 180 mmHg @ 20 C

VAPOR DENSITY: Heavier than air.

BOILING POINT: (133°F) to (247°F)

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Negligible in water.

EVAPORATION RATE: Slower than ether.

DENSITY: 6.56 at (60°F)

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.78 to 0.81 15.5°C/60°F


10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY: Yes

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Avoid heat, flame, and other sources of ignition.

STABILITY: Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid heat, sparks, flame and contact with strong oxidizing agents. Prevent vapor accumulation.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed during combustion. There should be no decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Strong oxidizers.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>ORAL LD50 (rat)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>5800 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
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</table>

NOTES: Material may cause eye irritation. Direct contact with the liquid or exposure to its vapors or mists may cause stinging, tearing, redness, swelling and eye damage.

EYE EFFECTS: Irritating to eyes.

GENERAL COMMENTS: Laboratory studies have shown that petroleum distillates may cause kidney, liver, or lung damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
LACQUER THINNER

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA: Readily biodegradable.
ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Keep out of waterways.
BIOACCUMULATION/ACCUMULATION: Not expected to bioaccumulate significantly.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: The preferred options for disposal are to send to licensed reclaimers, or to permitted incinerators. Any disposal practice must be in compliance with federal, state, and local regulations. Do not dump into sewers, ground, or any body of water.
EMPTY CONTAINER: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN! Empty containers retain product residue and can be dangerous. Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse. Do not pressurize, cut weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks static electricity, or other sources of ignition.
RCRA/EPA WASTE INFORMATION: Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Paint Related Material
PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: 3
UN/NA NUMBER: UN 1263
PACKING GROUP: II
NAERG: 128
LABEL: Flammable liquid
MARINE POLLUTANT #1: No

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)

311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: This product should be reported as an immediate (acute) health hazard, delayed (chronic) health hazard, and a fire hazard.
FIRE: Yes PRESSURE GENERATING: No REACTIVITY: No ACUTE: Yes CHRONIC: Yes
313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS: To the best of our knowledge, this product is not listed as a toxic chemical under Section 313 of SARA Title III.
302/304 EMERGENCY PLANNING

EMERGENCY PLAN: To the best of our knowledge, this product is not listed as an extremely hazardous substance.

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT)

CERCLA RQ: Solvent naphtha, light aliphatic (CAS 64742-89-8) Reportable quantity: 66,667 lbs.,
LACQUER THINNER

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Reportable quantity: 1,000 lbs.
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Reportable quantity: 5,000 lbs.
Isobutyl acetate (CAS 110-19-0) Reportable quantity: 5,000 lbs.

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

TSCA STATUS: All ingredients in this mixture are in compliance with TSCA.

GENERAL COMMENTS: The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

PREPARED BY: Compliance  Date Prepared: 09/03/2015

HMIS RATING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEALTH</th>
<th>FLAMMABILITY</th>
<th>PHYSICAL HAZARD</th>
<th>PERSONAL PROTECTION</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>G</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NFPA CODES

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